























A GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP ON WILDLIFE CONSERVATION & CRIME PREVENTION FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

GLOBAL WILDLIFE PROGRAM



3rd Global Wildlife Enforcement Network Meeting August 22, 2019



GEF-6: Global Wildlife Program (GWP)

Theory of Change

Increased
 poaching and
 habitat loss that
 decreases species
 populations

 Increased Illegal Wildlife Trafficking (IWT)

REDUCE POACHING



REDUCE TRAFFICKING



 Increased demand for wildlife products

> REDUCE DEMAND



crime prevention and sustainable development to reduce impacts to known threatened species from poaching and illegal trade

Program Objective: Promote wildlife conservation, wildlife

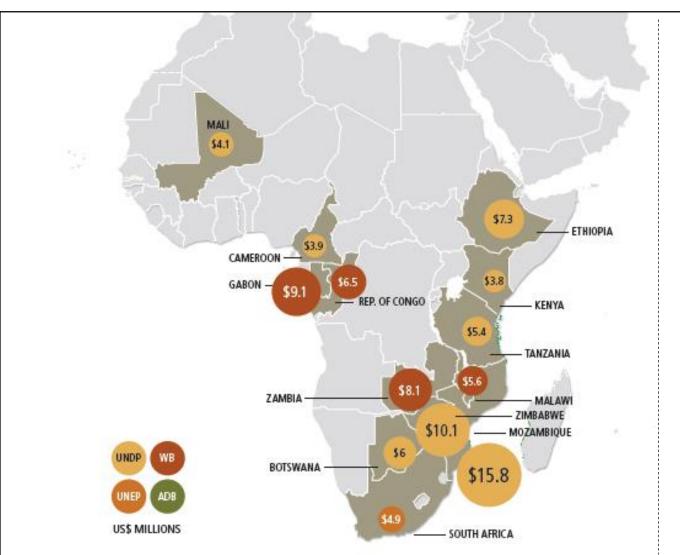
Benefits:

- 1. Supports national efforts to enhance management of protected areas and wildlife for development impact
- 2. Applies a unified theory of change to deliver transformational impact on critical global and transboundary issues (i.e. IWT)
- 3. Expedites GEF national project approval under the Program Framework
- 4. National projects contribute to larger scale impacts than if implemented individually

GEF-6: GWP Overview Countries

US \$131 million

Protected Areas and Ecosystems







GEF-6: GWP Components and Financing



Total GWP GEF Funding: US\$131 million



GWP Law Enforcement at a Glance*

Strategies and Legislation

- Design and Implement national strategies and domestic laws (13)
- Sentencing and penalty guidelines (6)

Information and Intelligence

- Information Management (6)
- Assessment and monitoring of illegal trafficking (8)
- Developing intelligence systems
 (1)
- CITES e-permitting (2)

Enforcement, Judicial and Prosecution

- Strengthen LE capacity (13)
- Establish Wildlife Crime Units / Task Force (10)
- Investigation Procedures and Techniques (8)
- Interagency and international cooperation in LE (9)

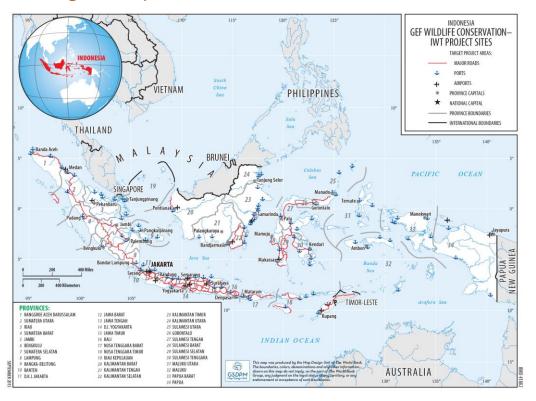
^{*} The number related to each bullet point is the number of GWP countries implementing this activity



Case Study: Indonesia GWP Project

Combatting illegal and unsustainable trade in endangered species in Indonesia

- Strengthened National Legislation creating subsidiary regulations and removing loopholes that prevent enforcement
- 2) Establishment of the National Wildlife Crime Taskforce
- 3) Scaling up Wildlife Crime Units (WCU)
- 4) Applying the ICCWC Indicator Framework and strengthening institutional capacity
- 5) Increase enforcement cooperation between Indonesia and other key states (e.g. Vietnam and China)
- 6) Support systematic assessment and capacity building for five key wildlife trade ports: Jakarta (Tanjung Priok) and Surabaya (Tanjung Perak) ports in Java, Bitung (Sulawesi), and Belawan port and Kualanamu airport in Medan, North Sumatra





Case Study: Malawi GWP Project

Malawi faces a growing wildlife crime challenge which includes illegal killing of African elephants (~1,500 elephants)



- ➤ At national level, the project will support implementation of the National Elephant Action Plan (NEAP).
- ➤ Provide greater understanding and strengthen the capacity of the National Wildlife Crimes Investigation Unit to addressing the issues of the use of Malawi as a supply and transit country
- ➤ Enable DNPW and DoF to participate actively in international meetings, engage effectively with Interpol and UNODC, support training in intelligence-based approaches for addressing wildlife crime and improving overall capacity for detection, investigations and crime suppression (including prosecution case handling in collaboration with ICCWC and SADC partners).
- > Support the development of a forensics lab
- Aerial and remote sensing monitoring of illegal hunting and logging



Case Study: Thailand GWP Project

Improved Cooperation, Coordination and Information Exchange

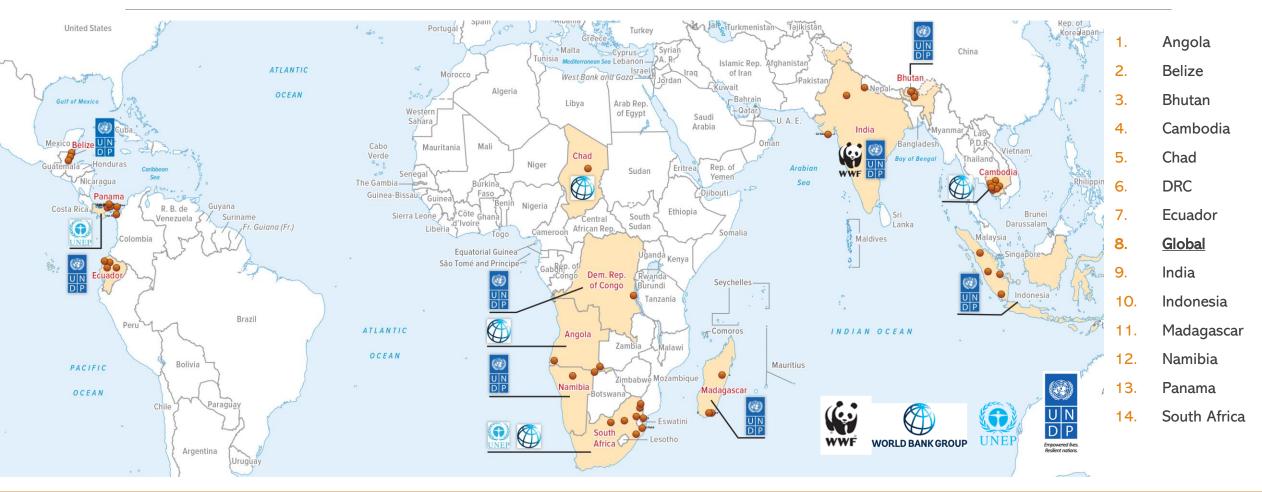
- ➤ Provide a platform for information exchange among the responsible agencies for IWT law enforcement and between wildlife forensics laboratories in ASEAN/Asian and African countries
- Strengthen the effectiveness of Thailand WEN to coordinate efforts to reduce IWT through more comprehensive membership (e.g. including AML and anti-corruption agencies)
- Strengthen information management, analytical capacity and evaluation of joint law enforcement operations to increase wildlife crime detection
- Upgrade online wildlife registration/CITES e-permitting procedures and develop its case management database

Enhanced Enforcement and Prosecution Capacity

- Address key skills gaps for IWT enforcement officers and prosecutors in collaboration with ICCWC and other partners and increase capacity to implement relevant legislation
- ➤ Review and elaborate the syllabus of DNP training courses on Crime Investigative Procedures and deliver training courses and materials on priority subject areas
- Support the DNP WIFOS laboratory to use DNA forensics techniques in support of IWT investigations
- ➤ An integrated approach to wildlife crime surveillance and enforcement will be demonstrated at two key border crossing points



GEF-7: GWP added 13 new National Projects (\$73M) +1 Global (\$9M) Project





Engaging with GWP

Opportunities for GWP to interact with WENs, and how WENs could engage with GWP

- Leverage GWP's knowledge platform: for WEN members to share knowledge/access resources
- Contribute to coordination, policy, and analytical efforts to promote:
 - Public Private Partnerships
 - Upstream sector engagement (Governance, Fiscal, Finance & Trade)
 - Risk management tools to target wildlife trafficking in commercial ports

Annex

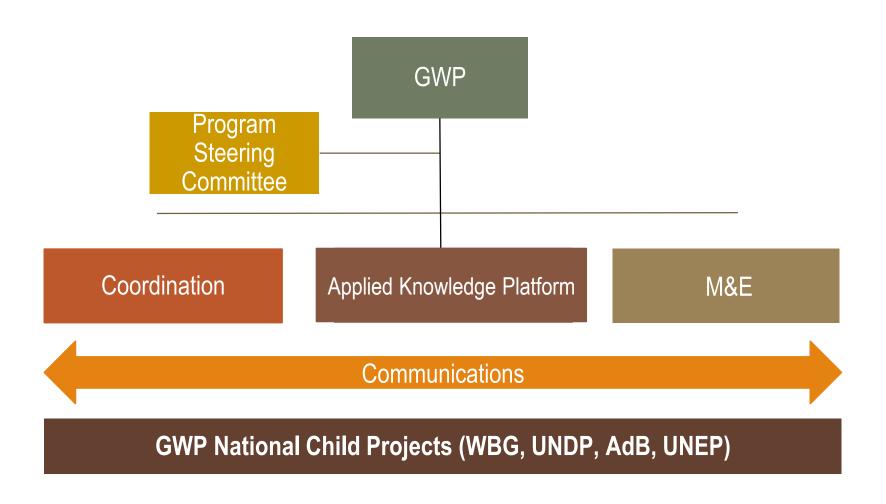
BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON GWP GLOBAL PROJECT



GEF-6: GWP Global Grant – US \$5 million

Benefits:

- 1) Increases collaboration with GEF IAs and other national/global partners (PSC)
- 2) Establishes global applied knowledge exchange platform to expose clients to industry experts (i.e. IT, PPP, Financing, etc.)
- 3) Supports effective monitoring and communications to national and global awareness and action on IWT





<u>GEF-6</u>: Coordination – National Projects

Connect

National project teams discuss objectives, challenges, and opportunities

GWP national partners discuss priority national project issues

Engage

GWP project teams meet with colleagues

National project leaders contribute to peer collaboration

Grow

Support peer-topeer network

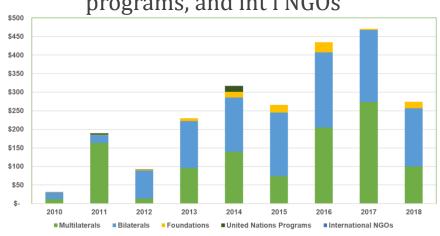
Establish joint projects and partnerships

Benefits: Increases access and collaboration among government counterparts & establishes a platform to plan regional activities

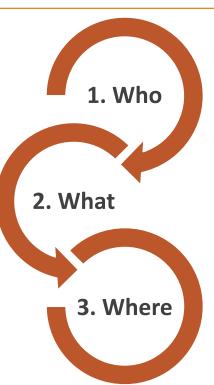


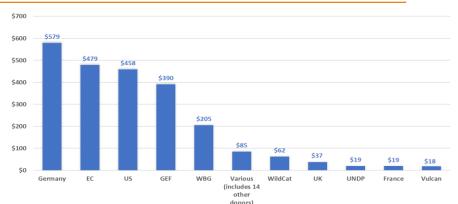
<u>GEF-6</u>: Coordination – Donors

1. Who: 24 international donors including multilaterals, bilaterals, foundations, UN programs, and int'l NGOs

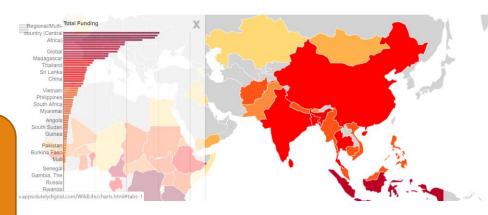


2. What: Donors Committed US\$2.4 billion to 1,784 projects that help combat IWT (2010-2018)





3. Where: Top 5 recipient countries: Tanzania (7%), DRC (7%), Mozambique (4%), Madagascar (3%), and Indonesia (3%)



Benefits:

- Enhances awareness and understanding of donor funded-projects and IWT initiatives
- 2. Increases collaboration and knowledge exchange by main IWT donors
- 3. Facilitates countries to attract additional support from donors



<u>GEF-6</u>: Strategic Partnerships

Since start of project implementation, GWP invested in the following partnerships:

- National Governments that co-hosted GWP events: Kenya, Gabon, India, Mozambique, Vietnam, and Zambia
- ICCWC (International Consortium to Combat Wildlife Crime which includes Cites, UNDOC, WCO, WBG, Interpol)
 - Helped raise US \$20million for ICCWC strategic program
 - Collaborated on a Law Enforcement Subject Matter Expert Database
 - Delivered Anti-Money Laundering Training in Kenya and Tanzania + currently expanding Technical Assistance
- **UNDP:** co-organizing the International Symposium on Strengthening Legal Frameworks to Combat Wildlife Crime

GEF-6: Knowledge management (KM) process

KM Topics

Surveys help identify priority themes:

- Human wildlife conflict and CBNRM
- Innovative technologies
- Legislation and judiciary
- Wildlife based tourism

KM Events

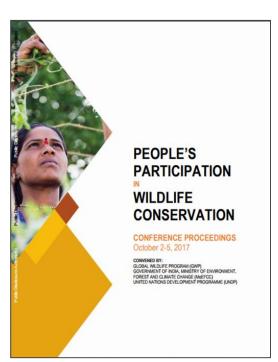
Experts are engaged to share knowledge:

- Monthly virtual events
- Conferences, workshops and study tours

KM Resources

<u>Tools, lessons learned, and guidelines</u> are developed:

- <u>Law enforcement tools and resources</u> and subject matter experts database
- Supporting Community Livelihoods through Wildlife Tourism
- Legal Symposium











Sri Lanka – Study Tour

- 17 government representatives from 13 GWP countries participated
- The tour was organized as a follow up to the Gabon Conference
- Dr. Sumith Pilapitiya and Dr. Fernando from the Center of Conservation and Research in Sri Lanka led the tour
- The aim was to showcase what works and doesn't for electric fences as a tool for mitigating HWC



<u>GEF-6</u>: Knowledge Management – Virtual Events

- GWP hosted over 37 virtual knowledge exchange events since February 2016
- A total of over **1,800 participants** joined; average participation of 51 participants per event

Reduce Poaching

Site-based Law Enforcement

Human Wildlife Conflict

Nature-based tourism

Innovative Technology

Securing Protected

Areas

Integrated Landscape

Management Reduce Trafficking

Wildlife & Forest Crime Toolkit
Intelligence-Led Operations
Leveraging Security Technology
Wildlife DNA Forensics eCITES Reduce Demand

Changing Consumer Behavior Power of Media for Conservation Program
Coordination,
M&E

GEF Guidelines
GWP Tracking Tool
Measuring Biodiversity
Impacts
Designing & Measuring

Designing & Measuring
Efforts to combat
wildlife crime

Benefit: Contributes to on-demand technical discussions that support project activities

GEF-6: Knowledge Management – In Person Events



Switzerland, Jan 2016
Combating Wildlife Crime
47 Participants



Kenya, May 2016

Engaging Local Communities
60 Participants



Combat Wildlife Trafficking 66 Participants



Reducing Human Wildlife Conflict (HWC) - 76 Participants



Thailand, July 2017
Legal Symposium
90 Participants



People's Participation in Conservation- 100+ Participants



Study Tour – HWC 24 Participants



Nature Based Tourism 600+ Participants



Cross-border Partnerships for Conservation & Dev.
74 Participants

Zambia, October 2018









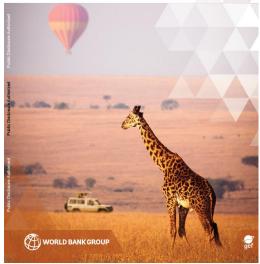
GEF-6: Mozambique Conference

- Over 600 participants including the President of Mozambique, former President of Botswana, ministers, and a diverse cohort of experts and public/private sector representatives
- > 16 GWP Focal Points from 12 countries
- Four PPP Agreements signed by the Government of Mozambique with: (i) Carr Foundation; (ii) Peace Parks Foundation; (iii) Grupo Farquhar; and (iv) Millennium Bank totaling over US \$500 million in investment

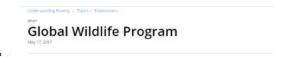
Benefit: Support national efforts to attract additional technical and financial assistance

Knowledge Series | Tourism for Development

Supporting Sustainable Livelihoods through Wildlife Tourism

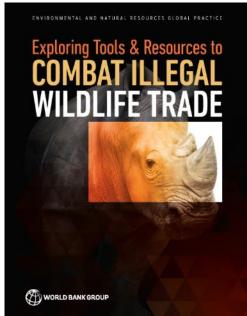














GEF-6: Knowledge & Communication Resources

- Program Web Page on line
- 19 GWP country profiles created
- 6 videos produced:
 - Gabon & Lee White: 30,500 views
 - Human Wildlife Co-existence: 21,500 views
 - GWP: Over 32,000 views
 - Vietnam (3 videos)
- 7 blogs and 2 feature stories published
- 6 Press releases published
- International Donor Report launched
- 2 Newsletters and 6 conference reports distributed
- Brochure created and ~600 distributed

Benefits: Promotes cross-sector collaboration



GEF-6: Communities of Practice (CoP)

The Human Wildlife ConflictCoP

A partnership between GWP and IUCN

Brings together practitioners from around the world to share experiences and lessons learned and collaborate to develop sustainable solutions to HWC

2. Nature Based Tourism CoP

Collaborating with the Environment GP of the WBG

Accelerate learning of best NBT practices to promote collaboration and new NBT projects around the world financed by WBG and GEF





Benefit: Contributes to peer-to-peer real-time knowledge exchange



https://www.worldbank.org/en/programs/global-wildlife-program